

Insegnamento di Chimica Generale

083424 - CCS CHI e MAT

 POLITECNICO DI MILANO

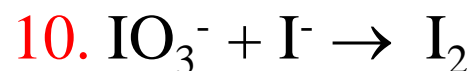
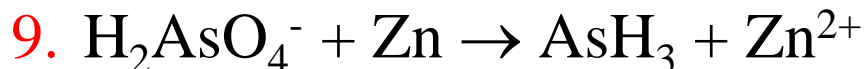
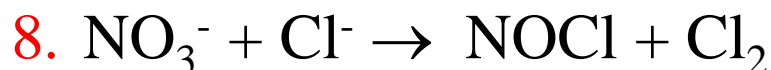
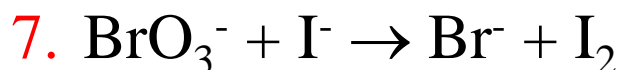
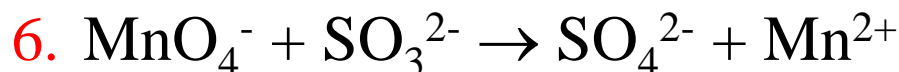
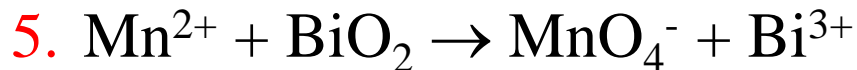
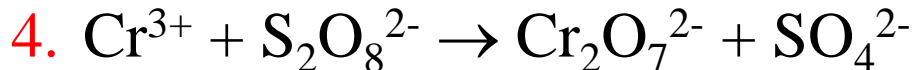
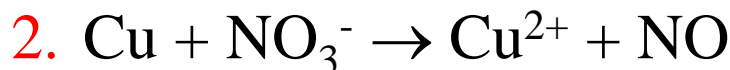
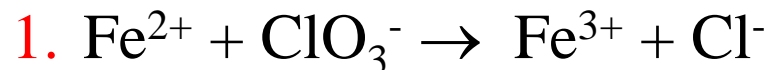
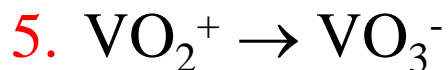
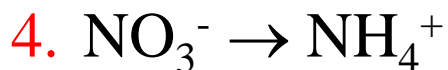
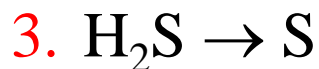
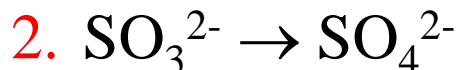
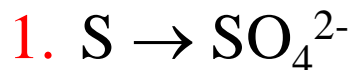


Bilanciamento di Reazioni Chimiche

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<http://iscamap.chem.polimi.it/citterio/education/general-chemistry-exercises/>





1. Scrivere e bilanciare le equazioni per le reazioni tra il cesio (Cs) e

a) il cloro b) l'ossigeno



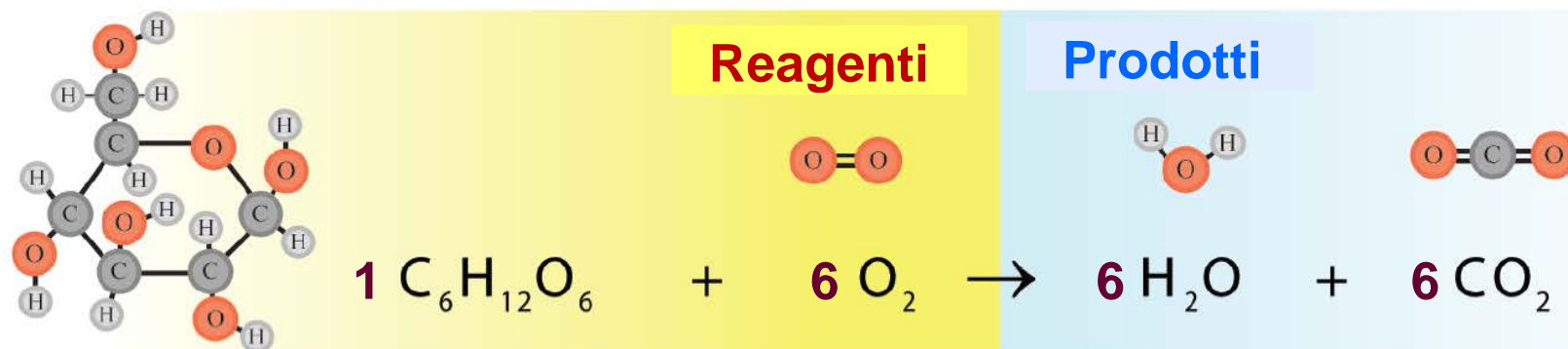
2. Scrivere le reazioni bilanciate di riduzione dei composti TiCl_4 e AlCl_3 con idrogeno a dare i rispettivi elementi.





Esercizio 3

Bilanciare la reazione sotto riportata corrispondente alla Respirazione Cellulare.



	Reagenti	Prodotti	
Carbonio (C)	6	1	$\times 6$
Ossigeno (O)	8	3	
Idrogeno (H)	12	2	$\times 6$



Esercizio 4

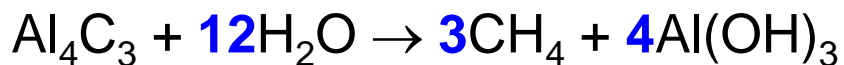
- $\text{SO}_2(g) + \text{O}_2(g) + \text{H}_2\text{O}(l) \rightarrow \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4(aq)$
- $2 \text{SO}_2(g) + \text{O}_2(g) + 2 \text{H}_2\text{O}(l) \rightarrow 2 \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4(aq)$ *Ox-red*
- $\text{S}_2\text{Cl}_2(l) + \text{NH}_3(g) \rightarrow \text{N}_4\text{S}_4(l) + \text{NH}_4\text{Cl}(s) + \text{S}_8(s)$
- $6 \text{S}_2\text{Cl}_2(l) + 16 \text{NH}_3(g) \rightarrow \text{N}_4\text{S}_4(l) + 12 \text{NH}_4\text{Cl}(s) + \text{S}_8(s)$
- $\text{Sb} + \text{HNO}_3 \rightarrow \text{Sb}_2\text{O}_5 + \text{NO} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$
- $6 \text{Sb} + 10 \text{HNO}_3 \rightarrow 3 \text{Sb}_2\text{O}_5 + 10 \text{NO} + 5 \text{H}_2\text{O}$
- $\text{S} + \text{HNO}_3 \rightarrow \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4 + \text{NO}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$
- $\text{S} + 6 \text{HNO}_3 \rightarrow \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4 + 6 \text{NO}_2 + 2 \text{H}_2\text{O}$
- $\text{SO}_2 + \text{KMnO}_4 + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightarrow \text{MnSO}_4 + \text{K}_2\text{SO}_4 + \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$
- $5 \text{SO}_2 + 2 \text{KMnO}_4 + 2 \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightarrow 2 \text{MnSO}_4 + \text{K}_2\text{SO}_4 + 2 \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$



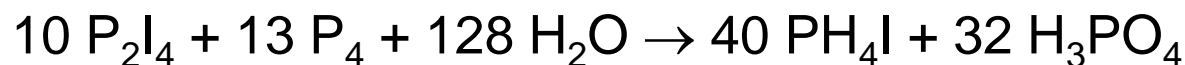
Esercizio 5

- $\text{Al}_4\text{C}_3 + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightarrow \text{CH}_4 + \text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$ Reazione acido-base (non variano i numeri di ossidazione)

Basta bilanciare le masse 3C e 4 Al



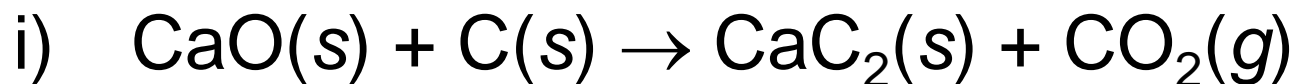
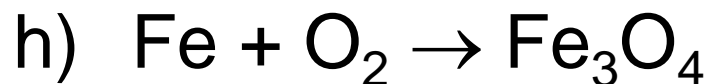
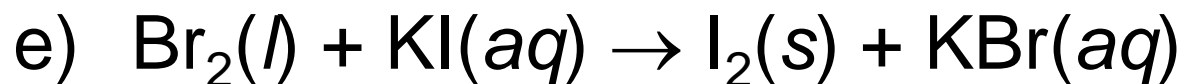
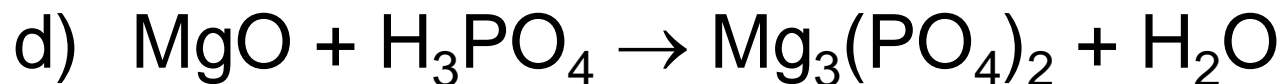
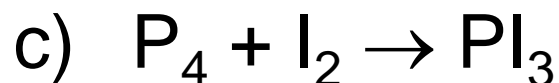
- $\text{P}_2\text{I}_4 + \text{P}_4 + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightarrow \text{PH}_4\text{I} + \text{H}_3\text{PO}_4$ Reazione redox complessa



- $\text{Fe}(\text{CNS})_3 + \text{Cl}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightarrow \text{HCl} + \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4 + \text{FeCl}_3 + \text{CO}_2 + \text{N}_2$



Esercizio 6 – da bilanciare





Esercizio 13 – eq. bilanciate

- a) $2 \text{KNO}_3(\text{s}) \rightarrow 2 \text{KNO}_2(\text{s}) + \text{O}_2(\text{g})$
- b) $2 \text{Pb}(\text{NO}_3)_2 \rightarrow 2 \text{PbO} + 4 \text{NO}_2 + \text{O}_2$
- c) $\text{P}_4 + 6 \text{I}_2 \rightarrow 4 \text{PI}_3$
- d) $3 \text{MgO} + 2 \text{H}_3\text{PO}_4 \rightarrow \text{Mg}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2 + 3 \text{H}_2\text{O}$
- e) $\text{Br}_2(\text{l}) + 2 \text{KI}(\text{aq}) \rightarrow \text{I}_2(\text{s}) + 2 \text{KBr}(\text{aq})$
- f) $\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2 + 2 \text{HNO}_3 \rightarrow \text{Ca}(\text{NO}_3)_2 + 2 \text{H}_2\text{O}$
- g) $\text{Bi}_2\text{O}_3(\text{s}) + 3 \text{H}_2(\text{g}) \rightarrow 2 \text{Bi}(\text{s}) + 3 \text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l})$
- h) $3 \text{Fe} + 2 \text{O}_2 \rightarrow \text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4$
- i) $2 \text{CaO}(\text{s}) + 5 \text{C}(\text{s}) \rightarrow 2 \text{CaC}_2(\text{s}) + \text{CO}_2(\text{g})$



Esercizi 7-8

- Scrivere e bilanciare la reazione di combustione del benzene (C_6H_6) con aria.



- Scrivere e bilanciare la reazione di riduzione dell'acetone (C_3H_6O) con il composto riducente $LiAlH_4$ in acqua a dare l'alcol isopropilico (C_3H_8O), $LiOH$ e $Al(OH)_3$

